United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/887,629	06/22/2001	Vipul Bansal	JP920010121US1	7402
	7590 05/21/2007 NAL BUSINESS MAC	EXAMINER		
ALMADEN RESEARCH CENTER			AKINTOLA, OLABODE	
650 HARRY ROAD SAN JOSE,, CA 95120			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,,			3691	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/887,629	BANSAL ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	·	Olabode Akintola	3691			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 36(a). In no event, however, may a repl vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Ja</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	•			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5) □ 6) ፟ 7) □ 8) □ Applicati 9) □ 10) □	Claim(s) 1-54 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-54 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accertification to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance ion is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notic	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/I	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date			
	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/22/01;1/11/07. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 09/887,629

Art Unit: 3691

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 15-18 recites the limitation "the sell orders" and "the buy orders". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5, 7, 19-23, 25 and 37-41, 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Pool et al (US 6460020) ("Pool")

Art Unit: 3691

Re claims 1, 4-5, 7, 19, 22-23, 25, 37 and 40-41, 43: Pool teaches a method for enabling the online determination of end-to-end costs while negotiating e-commerce transactions comprising: maintaining an updated online database of prices associated with each significant cost element relevant to goods or services involved in completing an e-commerce transaction, wherein said ecommerce transaction comprises an electronic transaction over the Internet between at least one buyer and at least one seller, and wherein said transaction comprises at least one of a purchase, a sale, a trade, an auction, and a reverse auction (abstract, col. 7, lines 6-12): maintaining an updated online database of procedures and rules associated with each activity involved in completing said e-commerce transaction (col. 4, lines 8-11); determining the costs associated with each significant cost element by accessing the price data corresponding to the parameters of said e-commerce transaction (col. 7, lines 6-12); and aggregating all said costs to arrive at a total end-to-end cost for said e-commerce transaction(col. 6, lines 44-67; col. 7, lines 6-12).

Re claims 2, 20 and 38: Pool teaches determining a set of e-commerce transactions that should take place and a set of e-commerce transactions that should not take place from amongst various possibilities (col. 8, lines 19-21); and determining prices to be paid by buyers, amounts to be received by sellers and payments to be made to service providers for said transactions that should take place (col. 7, lines 6-12).

Re claims 3, 21 and 39: Pool teaches wherein said cost elements include shipping and handling costs, other logistics management costs, taxes as well as finance costs (col. 7, lines 6-12, col. 14, line 31 through col. 16).

Application/Control Number: 09/887,629

Art Unit: 3691

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 6, 24 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pool.

Re claims 6, 24 and 42: Pool does not explicitly teach method is implemented by an online intermediary providing said facilities as a service either against a fee of commission or free of charge. Official notice is hereby taken that implementing an e-commerce method by a third party for a service fee is old and well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include this feature so that the intermediary is compensated for proving a platform for said e-commerce transaction.

Claims 8-18, 26-36 and 44-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pool in view of Pathak (US 20020016760) ("Pathak").

Re claims 8-18, 26-36 and 44-54: Pool does not explicitly teach an online auction; reverse auction; two-sided matching markets; wherein the winning bid for the desired goods or services is selected on the basis of highest net payout to the seller after deduction of computed cost elements; minimum/maximum qualifying bid. Pathak teaches an online auction; reverse auction; two-sided matching markets; wherein the winning bid for the desired goods or services is selected on the basis of highest net payout to the seller after deduction of computed cost elements; minimum/maximum qualifying bid (abstract, sections 0090, 0010, 0014, claim 3 (f.ivf.v and d.), claim 6 (f.iv-f.v and d)). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include these features in order to maximize sellers' (auction) revenue or minimize buyers' (reverse auction) cost.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular portions of the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the Art Unit: 3691

individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that the applicant, in preparing the responses, fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olabode Akintola whose telephone number is 571-272-3629. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM -5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski can be reached on 571-272-6771. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

OA

PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 7